SMT. GOPIKABAI BHURE MAHILA MAHAVIDYALAYA, TUMSAR

DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

SUBJECT OUTCOMES

PROF. DR. MUBARAK QURAISHI

Programme	Paper/Topic	LearningOutcome	CourseOutcomes(ENGLISH)
B.A. Sem IHistor y	Semester ISubjectHistory History of India from EarliestTimes to 1525 Paper1T1 Time: ThreeHoursFull Marks :80 Unit–1 a. The Harappan Civilization – Extent ,Town Planning, Social,Religious Condition b. RigVedic,LaterVedicAge - Polity, Society, ReligiousCondition c.Jainism, Buddhism– Origin , Tenets Unit-2 a. Chandragupta Maurya – Admnistration , Ashoka – HisConquests, Dhamma b. The Gupta Dynasty – Chandra Gupta I ,Samudragupta, ChandraguptaVikramaditya c. Invasions of India – Mohammad-bin- Kasim,Mohammad Ghazni,MohammadGho ri	Students studya.the Harappan Civilization, Detaisabout its Extent ,Town Planning, Social, ReligiousCondition, b. Rig Vedic, Later Vedic Age - Polity,Society, Religious Condition , Jainism, Buddhism – Origin,Tenets Students studya. Chandragupta Maurya – Admnistration ,Ashoka – His Conquests, Dhamma, b.The Gupta Dynasty – Chandra Gupta I ,Samudragupta,Chandragupta Vikramaditya,andc.InvasionsofIndia–Mohammad -bin-Kasim,MohammadGhazni,MohammadGhori	 On completion of the course, students are ableto: 1. to understand History of India from EarliestTimes to 1525 2. Students understand the glorious past ofIndia. 3. Students understand how India facedinvasions. 4. Students better understand India, itsrichculture and civilization. 5. Students comprehend their country in abetter way. 6. Studentsunderstandsvariousreligions, cults , movements policies adopted for administration. 7. Students get the knowledge of arts and craftofthe past.

Programme	Paper/Topic	LearningOutcome	CourseOutcomes(ENGLISH)
	Unit–3 a. Iltutmish- FounderofSlaveDynasty, Balban - Blood andIron Policy b. AlauddinKhilji – MarketControlPolicy,Hiscon quests c. Mohammad - bin – Tuglaq - HisExperiments,FirozTuglaq	a. Iltutmish-Founder of SlaveDynasty,Balban- BloodandIron Policy b. AlauddinKhilji – Market Control Policy, Hisconquests, and c. Mohammad - bin – Tuglaq - HisExperiments, FirozTuglaq- Administration	
	Administration Unit-4 a. BhaktiMovement- Ramanand,Kabir b. Sufi Cult-Tenets, MoinuddinChisti c. Architecture	Students study different religious movements, arts andcraft of the past.	
.B.A. Sem IIHisto ry	SemesterII History of India from 1526 to1761 Paper2T1 Time: ThreeHoursFull Marks :80 Unit-1 a. EstablishmentofMughal Power – Babur b. Sher Shah Suri – HisAdministrativeRefor ms c. Akbar–ReligiousPolicy,	Students study establishment of Mughal power,Mughal's territorial expansion, religious policy andreforms,	On completion of the course,studentsareabletounders tand- 1. Establishment of Mughal power, Mughal'sterritorial expansion, their religious policy andreforms,

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	TerritorialExpansion Unit–2 a. Shah Jahan – War ofSuccession b. Aurangzeb – Relations withBijapur,Golconda,Marath as c. ArtandArchitecture	Students study Mughak's rule, their art andarchitecture.	2. Students study Mughak's rule, its characteristicsfeaturestheirartand architecture.
	Unit–3 a. Shivaji – Relations withDeccan Powers and theMughals b. Shivaji's Coronation,KarnatakaE xpeditions, Administration c. ChhatrapatiSambhaji – HisrelationswithMughals Unit–4 a. Maratha War ofIndependence , Accession ofShahu b. Thirdbattleof Panipat- CausesandConsequences c. Advent of European TradingCompanies	Students study the rise of Shivaji, his life andachievementsin detail. Students study the rise of Sambhaji and his relationswithMughals. Students study in detail the successors of Marathakingdom, their attempt to expand the kingdom,Students study Advent of European TradingCompanies	 3. Students study the rise of Shivaji, his life andachievements in detail. The unit helps understandwhyShivajiisregarded asan idealhero. 4. The unit throws light on the rise of Sambhaji andhisrelationswith Mughals. 5. Students understand the process of downfallMarathapower. 6. Studentstakelessonsfromhistorical events. 7. Studentsunderstandmistakesofthepast. Students study in detail the successors of Marathakingdom, their attempt to expand the kingdom,Students study Advent of European TradingCompanies

Programme	Paper/Topic	LearningOutcome	CourseOutcomes(ENGLISH)
Programme B.A. SemIII History	Paper/TopicSemesterIIIHistory of India : 1764 to1885Paper3T1Time: ThreeHoursFull Marks:80Unit: 1a. Battle of Buxar – TreatyofAllahabadb. Dual Government ofLordClivec. Permanent SettlementofLordCornwallisUnit:2a. Subsidiary Alliance ofLordWellesley	LearningOutcome Studentsunderstandthe a. BattleofBuxar–TreatyofAllahabad b. DualGovernmentofLordClive, andc.PermanentSettlementofLordCornwallis Studentsgettheknowledgeof a. SubsidiaryAllianceof LordWellesley b. Internal ReformsofLordWilliamBentinck, and c. DoctrineofLapseof LordDalhousie	CourseOutcomes(ENGLISH) On completion of the course, students are ableto: 1. understand the modus operand of the British rulein India. 2. Students get the idea of the reforms undertaken by the British.
	LordWilliamBentinck c. DoctrineofLapseofLordD alhousie Unit: 3 a. Revolt of1857–Causes, Effects b. BrahmoSamaj, PrarthnaSamaj,AryaSamaj c. SatyaShodhakSamaj ,DepressedClassMovement	Studentsbecameawareof a. Revolt of 1857– Causes,Effects b. BrahmoSamaj, PrarthnaSamaj, AryaSamaj, and c.SatyaShodhakSamaj,DepressedClassMovement.	3. Students come to know about different attemptsMade by the Indian patriots to overthrow the yoke intheformofthe BritishruleoverIndia.

Programme	Paper/Topic	LearningOutcome	CourseOutcomes(ENGLISH)
	Unit:3 a. Rise and Growth ofCommunalism b. CrippsMission c. CabinetMission Plan	Studentsunderstand a. RiseandGrowthof Communalism b. CrippsMission c. CabinetMission Plan	
	Unit:4 a. Subhash Chandra Bose ,I.N.A. b. MountbattenPlan c. IndianIndependenceAct	Studentscome toknowabout a. SubhashChandraBose,I.N.A. b. MountbattenPlan c. IndianIndependenceAct	
B.A. III YearSeester VHistory	SemesterV Modern World- 1789- 1920Paper5T1 Time: ThreeHoursFull Marks :80	Students get the information about the differentmovementsinthe world viz,	Oncompletion of the course, students
	Unit:1 a. FrenchRevolution b. European Colonialism ofAsia c. European Colonialism ofAfrica	a. FrenchRevolution b. European Colonialism of Asia, and c. EuropeanColonialismofAfrica	 willunderstandthemodernworld Students get the sight to look at the world beyondThemyopic viewof[*]me and mycountry[*]. Students get the perception to look at the worldWithbroadervision.
	Unit:2 a. Sino- Japanese War of 1894- 1895 b. Russo – Japanese War of1904-1905 c. ChineseRevolutionof1911	Studentscome to knowthemodern worldin general. Theyget the knowledgeof a. Sino-JapaneseWarof1894-1895 b. Russo – Japanese War of 1904-1905, and c.ChineseRevolutionof1911	4. Students develop cosmopolitan view and learn toLookattheworld asone.5. Studentsunderstandcausesofstrifeandstruggle.

Programme	Paper/Topic	LearningOutcome	CourseOutcomes(ENGLISH)
	Unit:3 a. EasternQuestion1878-1913 b. Causes of the First worldWar c. TreatyofVersailles	Studentsgeta profoundunderstandingof a. EasternQuestion1878-1913 b. CausesoftheFirstworldWar, and c. TreatyofVersailles	
	Unit: 4 a. LeagueofNations– Structure b. Leagueofnations - Achievementsandfailures c. RussianRevolutionof 1917	Students get highlight of the making of the modernworld.Theycome to knowabout a. LeagueofNations–Structure b. Leagueofnations-Achievementsandfailures,and c. RussianRevolutionof 1917	
B.A.III yearSemest erVI	SemesterVI Modern World : 1920 – 1960Paper6T1 Time: ThreeHoursFull Marks :80 Unit:1	Studentsunderstand	On completion of the course, students
	 a. SovietRussia– FiveYearPlans b. Hitler-Foreign Policy c. Mussolini-ForeignPolicy Unit:2 a. Sino- Japanese War of 1937- 39 b. Causes of the Second World 	 a. SovietRussia–FiveYearPlans b. Hitler-Foreign Policy c. Mussolini-ForeignPolicy Studentsunderstand a. Sino-JapaneseWarof1937-39 b. Causes oftheSecond WorldWar c. U.N.O.—Structure,Achievements 	 getdeepinsightintotheworldas a whole Will be free from the narrow thinking of nation'sborders. Will understand different causes of strife andtussleamongcountries. will start thinking about oneself as a member ofthe world.