SMT. GOPIKABAI BHURE MAHILA MAHAVIDYALAYA, TUMSAR

DEPARTMENT OF HOME-ECONOMICS

SUBJECT OUTCOMES

HOD: PROF. DR. KALPANA RAUT

Paper	Syllabustopic	Objectives	CourseOutcome
B.A.Sem.I Subject- FamilyResou rceManagem ent	Unit-I 1. Introduction to Home- Economics.	 To create an awareness among the studentsaboutthe managementinthe family. To provide knowledge and develop skillsregardingprinciplesandmethodsofinter ior decoration. Tointroducetothestudentsthejobopportuniti esin Home-Economics. Totrainedthestudentsforself-employment. To develop employability skills and 'earnwhilelearn'skills. 	 Unit I On completion of this course students will enriched the knowledgeinthe followingway StudentwillIntroduceSubject Studentwillcreateinterestamongthestudentsabout subject Studentwillencourageforself employment Student will getknowledgeaboutfamilybudget Student will become professionalism through flowerarrangement.

2.3 - Opportunities of selfemployment in	

Home-Economics.	
2.4 - Guiding	
Principlesofselfemp	
loyment.	
a) Registration	
b) Training	
c) Knowledge	
ofequipments and	
theircare and	
Materialrequired	
d) Loanfacility	
e) Preparation	
ofProjectRepo	
rt	
f) AccountKeeping	
g) Costing,	
Labelling,Packagi	
ng.	
Unit -II	
3 - Family	
ResourceManag	
ement.	
3.1 - Definition	
andprocess of	
Home-	
Management.	
a) Planningb)Controlling	
c)Evaluation	
3.2 - Definition of	
FamilyResourceMana	
gement	

Paper	SyllabusTopic	Objectives	CourseOutcome
	3.2 - Types		
	ofFamilyResour		
	ces.		
	3.3 - Characteristics		
	ofFamilyResource		
	s.		
	3.4 - Ways to improve		
	theuseoffamilyresource		
	s.		
	3.5 - Factors		
	affectingfamily		
	resourcemanage		
	ment.		
	3.6 - Family Budget-		
	Definition, Types		
	ofbudget,preparationo		
	fbudget.		
	UNIT -III		
	4. Introductiontofoundation		
	Art.		
	1) Line2) Form		
	3)Texture4) Colour		
	5) Light 6) Space		
	7) Pattern8) Idea.		
	5. Principles of Art		
	anddesign		
	a) Harmony-		
	Definition, importanc		
	e and application in		
	interiordecoration.		
	b) Scale and proportion -		
	Definition,		
	importanceandapplicat		
	ion.		
	c) Balance-Definition,		

Paper	Syllabustopic	Objectives	CourseOutcome
B.A.Sem.II- Subject- FamilyReso urceManage ment	Unit-I 1. FamilyHousingNeed 1.1 -FamilyHousingNeeds	 To Create an awareness among thestudents about the management in thefamily. To provide knowledge and developskills regarding principles andmethodsofinteriordecoration. To introduce to the students the jobopportunitiesinHome-Economics. To trained the students for self-employment. To develop employability skills and'earn whilelearn'skills. 	 Unit I On completion of this course students will enriched the knowledgeinthe followingway Students will able to provide knowledge & develop skillsaboutselfemploymentandgetready. Studentswill ableandtrainedfor selfemployment. Students will able to develop employability skills and earn&whilelearn skills. Students will able get information job opportunities inHome-Economics Students will able awareness about consumer Rights & Responsibilitiesand consumer Students will able Knowledge about housing needs getprotectionAct.1986 Housinggoals, style,function. Students will able enrich knowledge about furniturearrangement style, selection, comfort, Durability and careof furniture.

decisionmaking. 2.4-DecisionTree.	
UNIT -II	
3 -WorkSimplification	
3.1 - Meaning	
andimportanceof	
worksimplification.	
3.2 - Techniques of	
worksimplification	
3.3 - Improving Methods	
ofworksimplification.	
3.4 -MunelLawofChange	
3.5 - Fatigue and	
AvoidanceofFatigue.	
3.6 - Concept of time	
andenergyManagement.	
4 -Colour	
4.1 -Studyofcolours	
4.2 -Sources of colours	
4.3 - Classification	
ofColours	
4.4 -Dimensionsofcolour-	
Warmand Coolcolours	
etc.	
4.5 -ColourWheel	
4.6 - Colour Schemes and	
itseffects.	

Paper Syllabustopic Objectives CourseOutcome			
	Paper	Syllabustopic	CourseOutcome

UNIT-III	•
5 -ConsumerEducation	
5.1 -Meaninganddefinition	
5.2 -ProblemsofConsumers	
5.3 -	
RightsandResp	
onsibilities	
ofConsumers.	
5.4 -ConsumerProtectionAct-	
1986	
1980	
UNIT-IV	
6. FurnitureArrangement	
6.1 -StyleofFurniture	
a) Traditionalb)	
Contemporary	
c)Modern	
6.2 -	
Factorsinvolvedinselecti	
on ofFurniture	
a) Comfort	
b) Restandrelaxation	
c) Durability	
d) Forstoragepurpose	
6.3 -	
ArrangementofFurniturein	
differentrooms	
a) DrawingRoom	
b) BedRoomc)	
DiningRoom	
d)MultipurposeRoomsetc.	
6.4 - Care of different types	
offurniture.	

Paper	Syllabustopic	Objectives	CourseOutcome
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B.A.Sem.III – Subject- FamilyReso urceManage ment	 1.1 - Definition of Health,Nutrition, Dietetics,Nutritional status, optimum NutritionandNutrients. 1.2 - Definition of food andfunctionsoffood. 1.3 - Dimensions of health(Physical, Psychological, Emotional,Spiritual) 1.4 - Macronutrients- Carbohydrates,Fats, Proteins - Classification,Functi ons, Sources, Recommendeddietary allowances,Deficiencya ndexcess. UNIT -II 2.1 -Micro Nutrients- A)Minerals-1)Calcium 2) Phosphorus3) Iron4)Sodium 5) Magnesium6)Iodine - Functions, Sources,Absorption, Recommendeddietaryallow 	 To understand and the concept of anadequate diet, functions of food and the roleof various nutrients their requirements andthe effectofdeficiencyandexcess. To learn about the structure, composition,Nutritional contribution and selection of differentfoodstuff. To develop and ability to improve thenutritional quality of food. To familiarize students with the role of nutritional quality of food. To develop marketing and entrepreneurshipskill stoenhanced employab ility. 	 Unit I Studentswill ableintroduceabout subject &health&dietetics. Students will able Nutrition toget knowledge about dimensionofHealth Students will able to know about all micronutrients deficiencyof nutrients. Studentswill aware about how food factors require for bodyandtheirdeficiencyeffectson body. Studentswillablegetknowledgeaboutmethodsofcooking,sport s nutrition. Studentswill abletodoenergymanagement &howtomanageenergycalorieand heavyworkersmen and women. Students will able get knowledge about Antioxidants vitamins,mineralsproteins carbohydrates.

B) Vitamins - Fat soluble-Vitamin A,D,E,K WaterSoluble-Vitamin C, VitaminB
Complex, (B1,B2,B3,B6,B12, Folicacid), Properties, FunctionSources,
Recommendeddietary allowances, Absorption, Deficiency.
2.2 - Water - Function, Sources, Recommended dietary allowances, Deficiency.
UNIT -III
3.1- Fibre - composition, Classification, Functions, Sources,
Recommendeddietary allowances, Deficiency, Excess.
3.2 - Energy (Calorie) -Definition of calorie, Factorsaffecting energy
requirement, fuel value of foods, Calorimeter-Bomb, BenedictOxy, Atwater Rosa
Benedict, Basal Metabolic Index, Calorie requirement forsedentary, moderate
andheavy workers Men andWomen.
3.3 - AntioxidantsUNIT–IV
4.1 - Basic Food Groups -Sources and importance of Cereals, Pulses,
oilseeds, Vegetables, Fruits, Milk andmilk products, sugar and jiggery, spices,
beverages,eggs,fish, meat.
4.2 - Methods of Cooking-Meaning of cooking of food, objectives of cooking
offood, Methods- Boiling, steaming, Pressure cooking, shallow frying, deep frying, Roasting, Baking, Grilling, Micro wave, solaar and informatics, Advantage
anddisadvantages of cookingfood.
4.3 - Sports Nutrition -Meaning of sports Nutrition ,Objectives of
Nutritionalmanagement, sports supplements,
nutritionalallowancesgivenbyNIN.

Paper	Syllabustopic	Objec	CourseOutcome
		tives	

 UNIT-I Balanced Diet -Definition, Factors affectingbalance diet, DifferentNutrients in balanced diet,PrincipalsofMealPlanning. Nutrition through LifeCycle Pregnancy2. Lactation,infancy3. Preschool4.Schoolgoing5.Adolescence Adulthood7. Oldage. UNIT -II Principles of DietTherapy. Modification ofNormaldietfor Therapeuticpurposes. Typesof Diet NutritionalManagementincommon diseases. 	 Studentswillgetknowledgebalanceddietmealplanni ng&lifecyclenutrition. Studentswillabletohandlehealthproblems&disease s&nutritional management. Studentswillawareaboutfoodpoisoning. Studentswillgetinformationabovefoodpreservation foodadulteration. Students will get idea about how to improve Nutritional Qualityoffoodlikefortification&enrichment,supple mentdietgermination,fermentation. Students will aware about malnutrition in India,
Constipation Anaemia SickleCellAnaemia. - Nutrition Education :MeaningandDefinition, ObjectivesMethodsofNutritionEducation. UNIT -III 2 - Food spoilage, FoodPoisoning-Definition,various types of foodpoisoningand Remedies. 3 -Food Preservation - Definition andimportance. Methods of foodpreservation, Dehydration, ChemicalPreservation, with salt, Sugar, Oil andspices, by controloftemperature. 4 -Food and Adulteration- Definition, Reasonsbehind food adulteration,effectsof food adulteration,detection offoodAdulteration, Standards, Remedies totackle foodadulteration,Lawsregardingfood adulteration. UNIT -IV Improving NutritionalQuality of foods -Germination,	

 rmentation,Supplementation,Substitution, rtificationandenrichment. Malnutrition in India-Definition of Malnutrition,over nutrition and undernutrition. Nutritional problems inIndia, Causes and remediesof malnutrition, 	
Differentagencies to combatmalnutrition - FAO, CARE,NIN.	

DA CEM M		1. To introduce the field of Child-	
BA SEM- V	UNIT-I		Studentswillintroducefieldof
a i i <i>i</i>	1.0 - An overview of the field f child-development, Meaning,	Developmentsconcept, scope,	childdevelopment.
Subject-	Definition, importance and scope of child-development.	dimensions and interrelations.	• Studentswill
FamilyResou	1.1 - Orientation to growthanddevelopment	2. To sensitize the students to	understandgrowth&development.
rceManagem	1. Definition of growth and development.	interventions inthefield	• Students will sensitive to
ent	2. Stagesofdevelopment.	ofchild-development.	interventions in the field
	3. General Principals of growthand development.	3. To understand the biological	childdevelopment.
	4. Constrains and facilitators in growth and development.	andphysiologicalfoundationo	• Students will aware about prenatal
	5. Influence of heredity and environment on growth	fdevelopment.	development, body
	anddevelopment.	4. To appreciate sequential ages of	anatomygeneticinheritancepregnancyha
	6. Difference betweengrowthanddevelopment.	developmentduringchild-hood.	zards.
	7. Factors affecting growthanddevelopment.	5. To sensitize students	 Students will know post natal
		about	development infancy &
	UNIT -II	childhoodbehavioral	babyhooddevelopment speech,
	2.1 - Genetic Inheritance-Fertilization, Number	problems.	motordevelopment.
	ofChromosomes,sex	6. To understand and appreciate	 Studentswill knowaboutdevelopment of
	determination, Genotypeand	the importance of parents-child	1
	Phenotype.	development.	senses.
	2.2 - Prenatal Development - Emphasis on majordevelopments	7. To development in students	• Students will aware
	during thethree stages of inter-uterined evelopment.	creative abilityrelated to	immunization & its importance
	2.3 - Factors affectingprenatal development - Ageof mother,	children - leading to	and supplementary food.
	Illness, diet and nutrition, stress and emotional	enhancedemployability.	
	strains, environmental hazards etc. Misconception of diet		
	intakeduring pregnancy and itseffect on		
	health,Recommendations.		
	2.4 - Twins - Fraternal and Identical.		
	UNIT -III		
	3.1 - Post- Natal Period-Neonatal Period - (From birthto two		
	weeks)- Definition, Characteristics,		
	Factorsaffectingpostnatalperiod.		
	3.2 - Hazards of Neonatalperiod-Physical		
	hazards, Psychological hazards.		
	3.3 - Infancy and Babyhood(2 weeks to 2 years)-		
	Definition, Characteristics of		
	babyhood,Physical growth		
	ouojnoou,i nysioui giowin		

Paper	Syllabustopic	Objectives	CourseOutcome

UNIT-I EarlyChildhood-(2-6years)		• Student will understand the biological &
		Physiologicalfoundationofdevel
		opment.
		 Student will appreciate sequential ages
		of development duringchild hood
		 Studentwillsensitizeaboutchildhoodbehav
		oralproblems.
		 Student will understand the
		importance of parents -
		childdevelopment
		• Student will develop creative
		ability related to children -
		leadingto enhanced
		employability.
 UNIT -II 2.1 -SpeechDevelopment-Definition, Importance ofspeech, Steps of speechdevelopment during earlychildhood - 1)comprehension 2)Pronounciation3)Vocabulary building4)Sentenceformation. Speechdefects-1. Lisping2. Cluttering3. Stuttering4.Slurring, Remedies of speechdefects. Factors affectingspeechdevelopment. 2.2 -Intellectualdevelopment - Definition,Classification of intelligence,Measurement of intelligence,Intelligence quotient (I.Q.),factors affecting intellectualdevelopment. 2.3 - Moral development-Definition, methods oflearning of Moraldevelopment, Levels ofmoraldevelopmentduring earlychildhood,factors affectingmoral development. 		
 UNIT -III 3.1 - Social development -Definition, Companionsduring early childhood 1.Associates2. Playmates3.Friends4. Imaginary friends.Formsof socialbehavior.Factors affecting socialdevelopment. 3.2 - Play - importance ofplay (Values of play), characteristics of play, Stagesof play, Types of play-Freespontaneous play, 		
	EarlyChildhood-(2-6years) 1.1 - Characteristics,developmentaltasks. 1.2 - Physical development -Definition, 1. Change in size-change in height, weightdevelopment of bones, teethetc. 2. Change in bodyproportion3. Growth ofinternal organs, factorsaffecting physicaldevelopment. 1.3 - Motor Development -Meaning, Skills of earlychildhood- Handskillsandleg skills Handedness,Essentials of development ofskills, factors affecting motordevelopment. 1.4 -Emotional development - Definition, Types ofemotions, importance ofemotions, Emotions duringearly childhood-positiveemotions - Happiness, Loveand Affection, Curiosity,Negativeemotions - Happiness, Loveand Affection, Curiosity,Negativeemotions-Fear, Anger,Jealousy,Anxiety, Characteristics of emotions,factors affecting emotionaldevelopment. UNIT -II 2.1 -SpeechDevelopment-Definition, Importance ofspeech, Steps of speechdevelopment during earlychildhood - 1)comprehension 2)Pronounciation3)Vocabulary building4)Sentenceformation. Speechdefects-1. Lisping2. Cluttering3. Stuttering4.Slurring, Remedies of speechdefects. Factors affectingspeechdevelopment. 2.2 -Intellectualdevelopment - Definition, Classification of intelligence,Measurement of intelligence,Intelligence quotient (I.Q.),factors affecting intellectualdevelopment. 2.3 - Moral development-Definition, methods oflearning of Moraldevelopment, Levels ofmoraldevelopment. 2.3 - Moral development -Definition, Companionsduring early childhood,factors affectingmoral development. UNIT -III 3.1 - Social development -Definition, Companionsduring early childhood 1.Associates2. Playmates3.Friends4. Imaginary friends.Formsof socialbehavior.Factors affecting socialdevelopment. 3.2 - Play - importance ofplay (Values of play),characteristics of	EarlyChildhood-(2-6years) 1.1 - Characteristics, developmentaltasks. 1.2 - Physical development-Definition, 1. Change in size-change in height, weightdevelopment of bones, teethete. 2. Change in bodyproportion3. Growth ofinternal organs, factorsaffecting physicaldevelopment. 1.3 - Motor Development -Meaning, Skills of earlychildhood- Handskillsandleg skills Handedness,Essentials of development ofskills, factors affecting motordevelopment. 1.4 -Emotional development - Definition, Types ofemotions, importance ofemotions, Emotions duringearly childhood-positiveemotions - Happiness, Loveand Affection, Curiosity,Negativeemotions - Fear, Anger,Jealousy,Anxiety, Characteristics of emotions,factors affecting emotionaldevelopment. UNIT -II 2.1 -SpeechDevelopment-Definition, Importance ofspeech, Steps of speechdevelopment during earlychildhood - 1)comprehension 2)Pronounciation3)Vocabulary building4)Sentenceformation. Speechdefects-1. Lisping2. Cluttering3. Stuttering4.Slurring, Remedies of speechdefects. Factors affecting intellectualdevelopment. 2.3 - Moral development - Definition, Classification of intelligence.Measurement of intelligence, Intelligence quotient (I.Q.), factors affecting intellectualdevelopment. UNIT -III 3.1 - Social development -Definition, Companionsduring early childhood , factors affectingmoral development. UNIT -III 3.1 - Social development. UNIT -III 3.1 - Maximum - Definition, Companionsduring early childhood i. Associates2. Playmates3. Friends4. Imaginary friends. Formsof socialbehavior, Factors affecting socialdevelopment. 3.2 - Play - importance ofplay (Values of play), characteristics of play, Stagesof play, Types of play-Freespontaneous play,

UNIT -IV	
4.1 - Childhood behavioralproblems : Common	
causesofbehavioral problems.	
4.2 - Types of Behavioural problems, its causes and remedies - 1.	
Lying 2.Stealing3.TemperTantrums	
4. Nail biting, 5. ThumbSucking.	
4.3 - Parent-childrelationship-Importance,	
Needfor desirableChild	
rearing practices, ParentalChallenges - Attractiontoward junk	
food, Televisionwatching and its effects onchildren.	
4.5 - discipline- Definition, Objectives, Need and importance,	
Types of discipline 1. Authoritarian discipline 2.	
Democratic discipline 3. Permissive discipline, Advantages	
anddisadvantages. Role of Reward and Punishment indiscipline.	
4.6 - Agencies in the field of child development -	
MahilaevamBalkalyanvibhag,	
ICDS, UNICEF, Role of NGO.	